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# The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.  
OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 10, 1913.

THE WEATHER

UTAH—TONIGHT FAIR, CONTINUED COLD. KILLING FROST SATURDAY FAIR.

## Athletics Again Defeat the Giants

### AMERICAN LEAGUE CHAMPIONS WIN THIRD VICTORY IN SERIES

Twenty Thousand People See Contest in Which Philadelphia Take Six-Run Lead Over New York Nationals—Giants Fall on Bender's Delivery With Fusillade of Six Hits and Send Five Runs Over Plate.

### THE ATHLETICS' DEFENSE WAS PERFECT

Merkle's Home Run and Shafer's Three-Bagger Features of New York's Play—Athletics Have Won Three Games to Giants' One-Fifth Game to Be Played in New York Tomorrow.

Shibe Park, Philadelphia, Oct. 10.—The Athletics, champions of the American league, won their third victory in the world's series of 1913 by score of 6 to 5 in the fourth game of the series for the championship laurels of baseball. Twenty thousand people saw a contest in which the Athletics took a six-run lead over their opponents only to have it cut down to a scant one run when the New Yorks fell on the Indian Bender's delivery and with a fusillade of six hits sent five runs over the plate. Bender held the Giants to two hits in the first six innings, and then was found freely. Merkle's home run and Shafer's three-bagger featured the New York hitting.

A circus catch by Oldring cut off a run for New York. The Athletics' defense was perfect.

The Athletics have now won three games and the New Yorks one game in the series. The two teams play at the Polo grounds tomorrow, and Christy Mathewson will undoubtedly face the Athletics.

The official ball score:

	NEW YORK	ATHLETICS
Shodgrass cf	2	0
Herzog 3b	0	1
Doyle 2b	4	0
Fletcher ss	4	1
Burns lf	4	2
Shafer 3b-of	4	1
Murray rf	2	1
McLean c	2	0
Cooper p	1	0
Willson c	1	0
Grandy	1	0
Merkle 1b	4	1
Demaree p	1	0
McCormick	1	0
Marquard p	1	0
Grant	1	0

Totals	34	5
Runs	5	24
Hits	11	12
Errors	1	0
Left on base	8	2
Struck out	10	11
Base on balls	2	1
Umpire	W. H. R.	E. J. E.

Two base hits—Bender, 2; Burns, three base hits—Oldring, Shafer, Home run—Merkle. Hits—Off Demaree, 7 in 4 innings; off Marquard, 2 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hit—Strunk. Stolen bases—Collins, Burns, Murray. Left on base—New York 4, Philadelphia 7. First base on balls—Off Demaree 1, off Bender 1, off Marquard 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia 2.

### MEN WANTED

Fifty laborers wanted for the South Fork dam. Concrete work, rock work and mucking. Call Jones Employment Agency, 143 Twenty-fifth Street.

## World's Series

PLAY BY PLAY

Bulletin and Megaphone

---at---

The Standard Office

He smashed the first ball pitched. The New York players gathered around Demaree to encourage him. Collins up and run likely the crowd cheered itself hoarse. Demaree's first pitch to Collins was a ball. The second pitch was fouled off. Oldring was out at the plate when Merkle took Collins grounder and threw to McLean who touched the runner as he slid into the plate. Collins stole second while Demaree held the ball for a minute. Demaree then threw to Merkle whose throw to second was too late to catch Collins. Baker out on a foul to Shafer. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Second Inning.  
First Half—Bender worked carefully and slowly. He had good speed and kept the ball out of the corners of the plate. Burns flied out to Murphy. Shafer fanned. Bender finding his weak spot by keeping the ball around Shafer's neck. Murray was hit on the arm by a pitched ball and went to first, muttering at Bender. McLean singled to right, sending Murray to third. Merkle fouled out to McLean. Who took the ball over near the Giants' dugout. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Second Half—Merkle got a Texas leaguer to center which the limping Snodgrass could not reach. It was a lucky hit for McLean. Strunk out, sacrificing, Demaree to Merkle. Demaree used a slow drop ball on the outside of the plate. Merkle dropped Barry's foul after a good run. The official score gave it as an error. McLean scored on Barry's long two-bagger to left. Barry claimed that Merkle interfered with him as he rounded first base, but the claim was not allowed. Schang walked after Demaree had two strikes on him. Bender flied out to Burns. Murphy flied out to Snodgrass. One run, two hits, one error.

Third Inning.  
First Half—Demaree flied out to Murphy, who had to run over to the right foul line to take the ball. Snodgrass out bunting. Bender to McLean. Doyle flied out to Strunk. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Second Half—Herzog went out to play third base and Shafer went to centerfield, replacing Snodgrass, whose strained leg began to bother him again. Demaree took Oldring's hepper and threw out at first. Burns caught Collins' fly. Doyle took care of Baker, throwing him out at first. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Fourth Inning.  
First Half—Fletcher made vigorous objection when Umpire Egan called a strike on him. Fletcher flied out to Collins. Burns popped up a fly to Baker. Bender appeared to have more "smoke" than during his first game against the Giants. He broke his curves around the knees and then shot fast ones shoulder high across the plate. Shafer fanned for the second time and angrily threw his bat toward the bench. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Second Half—Doyle threw out McLean. Demaree's slow ball bothered the batter. Strunk bounced a hit off Herzog's legs. McLean almost caught Strunk off first by a quick throw to Merkle. Barry singled to left and Strunk took third. On Shafer's throw to catch Strunk at third, Barry went to second. The New York infield then drew in. Strunk and Barry scored on Schang's single. Schang took second on Shafer's throw to the plate to catch Barry. Schang went to third on a passed ball. Schang scored when Merkle made a muck of Bender's grounder. Murphy popped out to Doyle. Oldring singled to center. Bender going to second. McLean threw out Collins at first. Three runs, four hits, one error.

Fifth Inning.  
First Half—Murray walked. Chief Bender pitching four wide balls in succession. McLean got a single to center and Murray went to third. Cooper ran for McLean. Schang almost got Cooper napping off first with a snap throw. Merkle fanned. McCormick batted in place of Demaree. Oldring caught McCormick's fly after a dead run toward the diamond. It cut off an almost sure hit, and a run for New York. Cooper out stealing. Schang to Collins. No runs, one hit, no errors.

Second Half: The defensive work of the Athletics in the fifth inning was simply superb. Marquard went in the box for New York. Wilson caught for New York. Baker fanned. Marquard kept the ball on the far corner of the plate and very low for Baker. Marquard threw out McLean. Marquard lost control and Strunk walked on four pitched balls. Barry got a two-base hit, Strunk going to third. Burns made a gallant try for the ball on the run but he overran it. Strunk and Barry scored on Schang's single to center. The Athletics cried derisively, "Put in Matty." Marquard threw out Bender. Two runs, two hits, no errors.

Sixth Inning.  
First Half: Barry threw out Herzog. Doyle beat the air viciously and went out on strikes. As Fletcher came to the plate, he jokingly made a move to hit Umpire Egan on the back of the head with his bat. Fletcher out on a fly to Strunk. No runs, no hits, no errors.

Second Half: Doyle tossed out Murphy at first. Oldring struck out, Wilson throwing him out at first. Collins popped out to Fletcher. No runs, no hits, no errors.

### FEDERAL TROOPS DESERT GENERAL

At Sight of Retreating Vanguard Aubert's Men Flee With Arms.

### COMMANDER IS LOYAL

Alvarez Falls Into Ambuscade and Calls For Immediate Reinforcement

Mexico City, Oct. 10.—The failure of General Trucy Aubert to get to the city of Torreon in time to relieve it—a mission on which he set out from Saltillo nearly a month ago with a large force of federal troops—is explained by the fact that the greater part of his 2000 men deserted him before he had completed half of his journey.

He had reached Madera, 25 miles east of Torreon, when news of the evacuation of the city reached him. As soon as the vanguard of the retreating federal troops came into view, General Aubert's men fled with all their arms and ammunition.

The report that General Aubert had gone over to the rebels was not substantiated. He is said today to be at Hipolito, 50 miles west of Saltillo, to which point he retreated with the men who had evacuated Torreon under General Ignacio Bravo Munguia and Escudero.

General Alvarez, who started with 1000 men, two siege guns and a number of pieces of light artillery to retake the city of Durango from the rebels and whose defeat caused the evacuation of Torreon, fell into an ambuscade at La Loma, thirty miles to the southwest of Torreon.

Suddenly he found both advance and retreat cut off in a canyon by rebels, who poured in a sharp fire from both sides of the pass. General Alvarez made a stout resistance and managed to get work back to Torreon asking for reinforcements.

Another story of the same fight is that the federal troops under General Alvarez broke and fled as soon as the first shot had been fired.

General and Staff Captured.

General Alvarez was captured with his staff and all are said to have been executed on the spot by the rebels.

After the battle the rebel troops with the captured artillery proceeded to Torreon, where they found that the federal garrison had evacuated the city. Out of the total garrison of Torreon, estimated at 4000 men one hundred have been accounted for as being in Hipolito, a secluded spot on Catalina island, disclosed today that the authorities believe to be a buried treasure swindle.

According to the victim's story, each subscribed \$35 to a proposed treasure hunting expedition in the South Seas, which "Captain Sands" as adventurer and mariner, promised to conduct. Magazine advertisements of Sands' adventures, evolutions of fabulous fortunes. They would be treasure hunters said they sent their money to Sands at Seattle and were instructed to meet him here.

Six of the young men gave their names and addresses as follows: Walter Bloxy, Milwaukee; Ben Dishing, Ohio; J. E. Robbins, Dayton, Ohio; N. B. Barnum, Boston; J. A. Alsford, St. Paul; O. W. Davenport, Portland, Ore. The others declined to disclose their identity.

### TEN YOUNG MEN ARE SWINDLED

Magazine Advertisements Evolve Vision of Fabulous Fortunes—Each Subscribe \$35.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 10.—Ten young men from as many states, who have vainly waited since October 7 for "Captain Cliff Sands" to keep their word, are today in a sequestered spot on Catalina island, disclosed today that the authorities believe to be a buried treasure swindle.

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### SANDS A UNIVERSITY STUDENT

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 10.—Clifford W. Sands, a student of the University of Washington, left Seattle a few days ago, telling his friends that he was going to San Francisco to take command of a party of 50 men who would seek buried treasure off the coast of Peru. His plans excited little comment as Sands had run away from home several years ago, made his way to Nicaragua, taken

### part in a revolution and attained the rank of general.

Sands is about 20 years old and until his departure lived with his widowed mother near the university. His present whereabouts is unknown.

### REFUGEES ON TRANSPORT

Washington, Oct. 10.—The transport Buford has just sailed from Topolobampo, Mexico, with 27 refugees, among them Mrs. Theodore C. Harim, wife of the American consular Durango, who was exhausted by caring for refugees. The Buford will call at several more Pacific ports.

### DEPUTY SHERIFF IS UNDER ARREST

Phoenix, Ariz., Oct. 10.—Passengers on interstate trains whose moral sensibilities are shocked by the actions of fellow travelers may have recourse to the law under the terms of the Mann white slave act.

Citizens of Phoenix who arrived by train from California points on Tuesday established a precedent when they complained to the United States marshal of the conduct of Robert Meahl, a deputy sheriff of Los Angeles, said to be connected with the district attorney's office there who was accompanied on the train by a woman.

### PEKING POLICE CHIEF ARRESTED

Officer Confesses Southern Rebels Bribed Him to Assassinate President

Peking, Oct. 10.—Chen, chief of the Peking mounted police, was arrested today while the ceremony of inaugurating Yuan Shi Kai as president of the Chinese republic was in progress. He confessed southern rebels had bribed him to assassinate the president.

### BABIES SLEEP ON A FLOATING BED

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 10.—Undisturbed by a severe rain and rain storm which caused the flooding of their father's house in Kansas City, Kansas, last night, or by the fact that their bed had been washed from beneath them, Noah and Juanita Rogers, 2 and 3 years old respectively, were found by neighbors sleeping peacefully on a floating featherbed. The stoppage of a sewer caused the flooding of the Rogers' house and a score of others nearby.

### CARE OF INFANTS TAUGHT IN SCHOOLS

Chicago, Oct. 10.—The care of infants will be taught in fourteen of Chicago's schools beginning next week. Real babies will be used in the demonstrations. The classes will be in charge of nurses from the health department who will give instruction for one hour two days a week.

The new branch of education was recommended yesterday by the school management committee of the board of education.

### PREPARING TO FIX VALUATIONS

Interstate Commerce Commission Divides Country Into Five Districts.

Washington, Oct. 10.—In preparing for a physical valuation of the nation's railways, the interstate commerce commission which has divided the country into five districts announced today that each embraces approximately fifty thousand miles of railroad. The title of each district, the headquarters, city and the states included in each are as follows:

Eastern: Washington, D. C.; Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Southern: Chattanooga, Tenn.; Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Panama Mississippi, Ohio, Porto Rico, South Carolina and Tennessee.

### Central: Chicago; Arkansas, Illinois

Look out for the Magazine Section with tomorrow's—Saturday's—paper. Save it for Sunday reading.

is, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Western: Kansas City, Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas.

Pacific: San Francisco; Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming.

### CHINESE HAVE THEIR OWN STREET RAILWAY

Shanghai, Oct. 10.—The first electric street car to be financed, constructed and operated solely by Chinese was opened a few days ago in the native city. By native city is meant old Shanghai, or the section under Chinese jurisdiction as distinguished from the international settlement which is controlled by foreign residents.

No foreigner was allowed to subscribe a cent of the \$120,000 or 200,000 taels which was raised to finance the project. All the construction work was done by Chinese contractors, and the management and working staff are all Chinese. The finished job is eminently satisfactory in view of the fact that previous to this attempt the Hangchow railroad. An extension of a half mile to the Arsenal road has already been begun, and it is planned to further enlarge the service by building a line on the boulevard which is to encircle the old native city, on the ground formerly occupied by the ancient city wall. The native city has a population estimated at 250,000.

Six cars are now in operation and twelve more are being made by the Chinese car builders, the Yur Sing company. The electrical apparatus was bought in Germany.

### POLICE ATTACK THEIR PRISONER

Arthur Bittner Tells Story of "Third Degree" Methods in St. Louis Station.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 10.—That fifteen policemen had attacked him in the North Market street police station in an effort to obtain a confession or murder from him several months ago, was the charge made on the witness stand in the circuit court here yesterday by Arthur W. Bittner on trial for the murder of his father.

"I came to myself the morning after my arrest, lying on the floor of the station, a policeman was kicking me in the ribs," Bittner testified. "I looked up and protested. Immediately a crowd of 15 or 18 policemen surrounded me and shouted, 'You killed your father.'"

"I told them I had not. Then they all began beating me with their night sticks. Several struck me on the head with their revolvers."

The introduction of a signed confession of Bittner's murder of his father was introduced despite the protests of attorneys for the defense.

### LONDON EDITORS PAY A TRIBUTE

Ability of American Engineers Given Unstinted Praise By Great English Papers.

London, Oct. 10.—This day is written down in the London press as one which marks an epoch in history by reason of the union of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans effected this afternoon by the removal of the last barrier in the Panama canal. London editors pay unstinted tribute to the ability of the American engineers in overcoming the numerous obstacles of the great undertaking and say that the world-wide rejoicing over their success is well justified. The Times in an article on the canal address:

"The final stage today is an event in the story of mankind of which the whole human race has reason to be proud."

The Standard referring to the toast when the blowing up of the dyke is accomplished, says:

"In every country of the civilized world glasses will be raised and emptied in honor of the Panama canal and of those who conceived one of the greatest engineering projects of this or any other age and of the men who have carried it so nearly to its completion. Something in the nature of world-wide rejoicing over the event is not only justified, but so appropriate that its omission would be inexcusable, and while Americans congratulate each other on what has been done by their own enterprise and energy, and on their success in transforming not only a dream, but a vision, into a reality, they have done so with credit for it."

### BLOWING UP OF GAMBOA DYKE

President Presses Button in White House That Flashes Current 4000 Miles.

### DAM RENT ASUNDER

Within Four Seconds Flash Throws Little Switch Which Explodes Charge

Washington, Oct. 10.—Exactly at 2 o'clock Eastern time this afternoon, President Wilson, pressing a button in the White House, sent an electric current flashing more than 4000 miles over land and under seas to blow up the Gamboa dike in the Panama canal and remove the last practical obstacle in the great inter-oceanic waterway.

Washington, Oct. 10.—A little electric spark, originating when President Wilson pressed the button in the White House, sent an electric current flashing more than 4000 miles over land and under water, ignited the immense charges of dynamite and practically cleared the Panama canal. Electrical experts calculated that within four seconds after the initial impulse, the current threw a small switch at the Gamboa dike, which in turn, set in motion other apparatus, furnishing the current which exploded the charges.

Elaborate preparations had been made by the Western Union Telegraph company and the Central and South American Telegraph company for the practically instantaneous transmission of the president's signal. From Washington to Galveston, Texas, 1556 miles, a single wire carried the spark. There it was taken up instantaneously by sensitive repeating instruments and sped over the cable along the bottom of the Gulf of Mexico to Coatzacoalcas, Mexico, 793 miles further. From that point it sped overland across the isthmus of Tehuantepec, 188 miles to another cable station at Salina Cruz, on the Pacific ocean, where other sets of sensitive telegraph instruments snatched it up and hurried it 788 miles through another cable on the bottom of the Pacific ocean to San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, cable station. There other delicate machines transferred it to still another cable and shot it 718 miles more to Panama. When the spark emerged from its long submarine journey it took the overland telegraph wires of the Panama Railway company and completed its mission at the Gamboa dike.

Hours before the time set, experts of the telegraph and cable companies were busy perfecting their arrangements so the president's flash might reach the Gamboa dike. The Atlantic and Pacific oceans were not actually united today when the Gamboa dike was destroyed and waters of Gatun lake were allowed to flow into Culebra Cut, as lake and cut are, at the normal surface of the water, 85 feet above the level of the sea.

The destruction of the Gamboa dike, however, removes the last obstruction to the navigation of the greater part of the canal by light draft vessels and opens up direct connection between the great Gatun lake, which already is practically ready to discharge vessels into the Atlantic through the Gatun locks, and the Pacific division. The waters of the lake rushing through the broken dike at Gamboa, sweep through Culebra cut until they reach the great locks at Pedro Miguel, which mark the beginning of the descent from the top level of the canal to the Pacific.

First Craft to Enter.

The first craft to enter will be the great steam dredges, whose work is to clear and deepen the channel. The presence of small craft in portions of the canal, however, does not as yet mean ocean-to-ocean navigation. This will be first possible when each link in the canal has a sufficient depth of water and all the locks are working.

Gamboa dike was built in 1908 to hold the Chagres river in check during its turbulent periods and to prevent its waters from entering the nine-mile section of Culebra cut and delaying the work of the steam shovels.

Greatest Man-Made Dam.

It was important solely for its location. Twenty-four miles to the north the mighty Gatun dam, which to the eye appears to be nothing more than a low mountain range stretching across a valley, keeps the waters of Gatun lake from escaping to the sea. These two barriers, on the greatest man-made dam in history and the other a low ridge of earth and rock, which would ordinarily pass unnoticed, have kept in check the rising waters of Gatun lake. Today there is only one, and the waters of the lake now extend from Pedro Miguel lock on the south to Gatun locks on the north, a distance of about 33 miles, approximately two-thirds of the canal's length.

Drills were at work on the dike nearly the whole month of September and it was mined with over 1,200 holes charged with dynamite.

### CLEVELAND AMERICANS REST

Cleveland, O., Oct. 10.—The Cleveland Americans and Pittsburgh Nationals rested today. Tomorrow they will continue their post season series here. Each has won two games.